

## **Urban Mobility**

- Trends
- challenges





# Many solutions focus on first and last mile

- Commuters
- Visitors
- Individual transport





# Most trips in city are: single-mode by inhabitants Example: Amsterdam <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub> by inhabitants 1/3 by commuters and visitors



→ Aantal Amsterdammers 12 jaar e.o. (x1.000), 2015









# Shared e-cargo bikes are an essential ingredient of the urban mobility solution



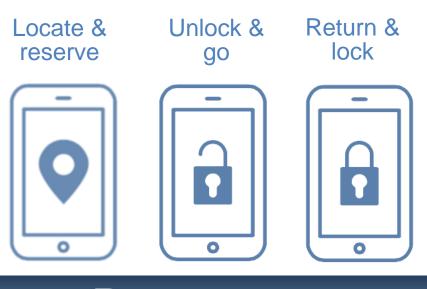








## How does it work



Pay per use

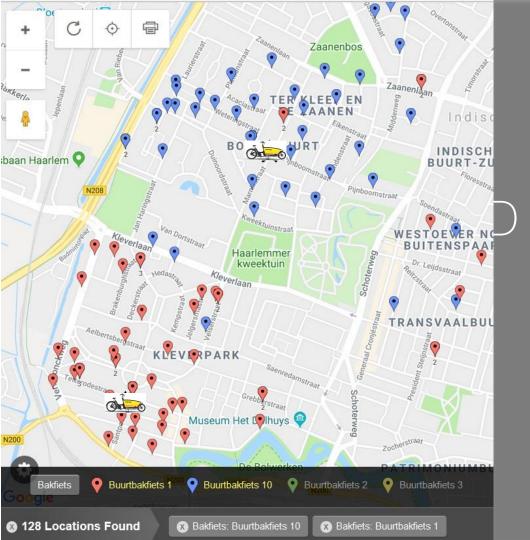


1 shared e-cargo bike easily replaces 10 car trips per day and takes ¼ of the space.









each bike is used by 40 different users

94% are recurring users

users walk up to 1 km to get one





## E-mobility Hubs project

**Interreg**North-West Europe

Kickstarting e-mobility in 7 European cities

### Goals:

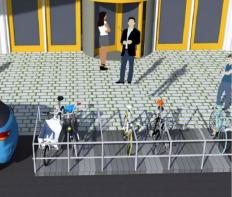
**Minimalistic** 

- A sustainable shared e-mobility alternative for private cars
- Users can choose different modes of shared e-transport at single location

Medium

- Show feasiblility, create critical mass, involve users
- Develop best practices for introducing large-scale e-mobility
- Open to different shared e-mobility providers





Large





## E-mobility Hubs project Interreg



## Kickstarting e-mobility in 7 European cities

#### Cities:

- Amsterdam (lead partner), Nijmegen / Arnhem (NL)
- Leuven (BE)
- Manchester (UK)
- Dreux (FR)
- Kempten (DE)

#### Research Institutes:

- University of Newcastle upon Tyne (UK)
- TU Delft (NL)
- Antwerpen University (BE)
- Hogeschool van Amsterdam (subpartner, NL)

### Network organizations:

- Taxistop (BE)
- Autodelen.net (BE)
- Bayern Innovativ GmbH (NL)
- POLIS (INT)

### Commercial partners

- Urbee (NL)
- Cargoroo (NL)
- Urban Arrow (sub-partner, NL)

## Initiated by:





## Planning:

- Phase 2 proposal submitted, final approval january 2019
- Preparations and rollout: jan 2019 dec 2021